同源箱基因 Oct-4 在人類睪丸生殖細胞腫瘤中所扮演的角色探討

Role of Homeobox Gene Oct-4 in Human Testicular Germ Cell Tumors

中文摘要

睪丸生殖細胞腫瘤是一種常見於 15-34 歲男性的惡性腫瘤。依據組織型態可將 睪丸生殖細胞腫瘤區分為兩大類:精細胞癌類與非精細胞癌類。在睪丸生殖細胞 腫瘤中的精細胞癌與胚胎癌已被證實會表現出一胚胎幹細胞之標誌 - 同源箱基 因 Pouf1 (Oct-4)。Oct-4 蛋白已知參與調控幹細胞之自體更新及分化的重要 因子;然而 Oct-4 在生殖細胞瘤中所扮演的角色尚未清楚。

我們利用睪丸生殖細胞腫瘤之病理組織與 NCCIT 和 NT2 細胞株來探討 Oct-4 蛋白在生殖細胞腫瘤中所扮演的角色。本論文中相對於比較人類胚胎幹細胞,我們證實了 Oct-4 蛋白不但高度表現於 NCCIT 細胞株、NT2 細胞株和精細胞癌組織中,同時也由細胞核轉移到細胞質中表現。我們進一步利用 bisulfite 來修飾胚胎幹細胞細胞株、NCCIT 細胞株和 NT2 細胞株之 DNA,並以甲基化專一性聚合?連鎖反應偵測 Oct-4 基因 5′端上游 -1069~-776 及-623~-356 區域中之 CpG 位置甲基化之差異,我們的結果暗示著這些甲基化差異性是 Oct-4 蛋白在癌細胞株過度表現的原因之一,不過仍須更加進一步研究。

我們在精細胞癌與胚胎癌中所觀察到 Oct-4 蛋白高度表現與表現位置轉移的, 推測 Oct-4 基因表現的調控與癌症生成具有高度的關連性。未來將進一步研究 Oct-4 基因高度表現與其基因甲基化的關連性,及蛋白質轉移到細胞質之機制及 作用。

英文摘要

Testicular germ cell tumors (TGCTs) are the most common malignant neoplasms of testis in men at ages of 15-34 years. TGCTs are histologically classified into seminoma and non-seminoma, or combination of the two types. Seminoma and embryonic carcinoma (non-seminoma) have been shown to exhibit a unique pattern of gene expression same as embryonic stem cells (ES), such as Oct-4. In ES, Oct-4 protein is known to be the master regulator to participate in controlling stem cell self-renew and differentiation. In seminoma and embryonal carcinoma, Oct-4 protein was also recognized as a diagnosis marker recently; however, the role of Oct-4 protein in germ cell tumor has not been clarified.

To characterize the role of Oct-4 in germ cell tumorigenesis, we examined the expression pattern of Oct-4 protein in TGCTs. In this thesis, by collection patient's tissues, NCCIT and NT2 cell lines and using immunohistological staining and Western blotting, we demonstrated the Oct-4 protein is highly expressed in human seminoma and embryonic carcinoma. Interestingly, the localization of Oct-4 protein in

these tumor cells is not only in nucleus but also in cytoplasm. Furthermore, we demonstrated the relative expression level of Oct-4 mRNA among hES, NCCIT and NT2 cell lines by quantitative PCR; and the DNA methylation profile of the 5'-upstream region of the Oct-4 gene (- $1069\sim-776$ and $-623\sim-356$) was also examined by methylation specific PCR.