英文試題

本試題第1頁;共4頁

(如有缺頁或毀損,應立即請監試人員補發)

汪立	一、本試題共50題,共	計 100 分。						
思事	二、請將最適當的答案依三、試題答錯者不倒扣。	天題號作答於答案卡上。						
項	三、試題答錯者不倒扣。							
I.	Choose the most appropriat	shoose the most appropriate answer that best completes the sentence: 1~35 (2% each, 70% in total)						
1.	is the biological process of acquiring new knowledge about the world, and is the process of retaining and reconstructing that knowledge over time.							
	(A) Learning, memory	Cognition, understanding	© Appreciation, reasoning	Awareness, consideration				
2.	Supporters of the "Sunflowe solidarity with the major ra	er Movement" have organized _ lly in Taipei.	protests in Europe, North A	America, and Asia to show				
	Sympathetic	(B) dampening	© hostile	① drama				
3.	Finding an apartment is conlandlords ask for a of se	mpetitive, especially when stude everal months' rent.	ents start their terms in Augus	et and December, and many				
	(A) withdrawal	® retreat	© deposit	© evacuation				
4.	We need to have a more	_ approach so we're all reading	from the same experimental m	ethods.				
	A naive	B primitive	© sophisticated	① ingenuous				
5.	After detecting similar	to those emitted by black boxes	s, teams searching for Flight 37	70 scale down the search area.				
	(A) ping	(B) vowel	© crack	© pop				
6.		ding practice of and using romaintain the health of living la		ndscaping to controlling insects, zing the use of chemical				
	(A) proscribing	B prioritizing	© embargo	© restriction				
7.	The United States has not he the Obama Administration the country's participation is	faced criticism from both partie		cognizing China in 1979. Today, ding arms sales to Taiwan and				
	(A) unsubtle	(B) maladroit	© inept	① diplomatic				
8.	with autism initially develop	w infants looked at faces from lead normally but showede er people-between two and six m	ye contact-a hallmark of autist					
	(A) increased	(B) diminished	© augmented	(D) intensified				
9.	The U.STaiwan relations a	are in history shared values	and the common commitment	t to democracy and human rights.				
	(A) unreliable	® grouted	© fallible	① treacherous				
10.		report found that the negative i		obe. While some crops will grow crop damage, smaller harvests,				
	(A) outweigh	(B) minimize	© curtail	① channelize				
11.	are a good way to descr	ribe fractions of quantities. The	y are used in everyday life to o	convey information as varied as				
	amounts of fat in food and h	now much we can expect to sav	e in a sale.					
	Decimals	® Numbers	© Percentages	© Calories				
12.		notion of community, and it's the CMU a community that is easy t		ts, dedicated faculty and caring				
	(A) central	(B) exterior	© subordinate	① tangential				

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13.	regarding the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) between representatives of various nations, which include Australia and Japan, hit a roadblock earlier this year.					
	Negotiations	(B) Altercations	© Oppositions	① Challenge		
14.		experiencing hallucinations, sho was diagnosed with schizophre	e feels to draw; to "get it ou enia about 20 years ago.	at of her head" forced by		
	(A) free	(B) compelled	© facultative	© contingent		
15.	. Health information technologies such as smartphone-based ultrasound and electronic health records should be according to the risk they present to patients.					
	(A) maintained	(B) conducted	© regulated	© directed		
16.	. Passenger becomes an increasingly important differentiator for the airline industry, since it has become a fundamental deciding factor driving passenger choice and business success.					
	(A) agitating	(B) convenience	© disquieting	© comfort		
17.	. With worldwide consumption jumping by 1% last year, the researchers concluded $__$ could overtake supply in the coming years pushing the price of wine up.					
	(A) demand	® reservoir	© provision	D purveyance		
18.	. Animals in the dark are engaged simultaneously in prey pursuit, collision avoidance, and interactions with conspecifics, making efficient nonvisual communication essential. A variety of birds and mammals emit food-associated calls that inform, attract, or repel conspecifics.					
	(A) stampeding	(B) fleeing	© travelling	① foraging		
19.	A new report finds that music doesn't to everyone that there are people who are perfectly able to experience pleasure in other ways who simply don't get music in the way the rest of us do.					
	(A) authorize	(B) resemble	© pass	© speak		
20.	Generation of new neurons i hippocampus.	in adult mammals is to spe	cific brain areas and in humans	s has only been observed in		
	(A) restricted	B controlled	© organized	• produced		
21.	. Two studies suggest that lo	w protein intake may be a key	factor fora long and health	ny life, at least until old age.		
	(A) arriving	® neglecting	© attaining	D managing		
22.	. It seems that human males interact more than females in groups and male full professors are more likely than female full professors to co-author publications with a same-gender assistant professor. This is consistent with a for men to cooperate more than women with same-sex individuals of differing rank.					
	(A) inclination	B bearing	© manner	(D) tendency		
23.	Trade and human migration	have brought about the or	f exotic plant viruses from outs	ide the country.		
	(A) frequency	B emergence	© incidence	D happening		
	. Many of Simon's colleagues	were when he took off his	shirt in the meeting.			
	(A) snippy	(B) depressed	© perplexed	D bossy		
	The senior nurses in our hospital agreed to on a new employee handbook.					
	A prevaricate	® rehabilitate	© matriculate	© collaborate		
26.	The weather outside is,			_		
	(A) unpredictable	(B) unfathomable	© unsustainable	① unconscionable		
27.	The crowd at church was getting as Pastor Vance's talk went on for two hours.					
	(A) faithful	(B) timeless	© restless	D hopeful		

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本試題第3頁;共4頁

(如有缺頁或毀損,應立即請監試人員補發)

28. The outdoor arts festiva	The outdoor arts festival has been with bad weather, so not many people have attended.					
(A) distracted	(B) dwindled	© presumed	© plagued			
29. Simon is about Celir	ne Dion, so he spends all his n	noney on her CDs and posters.				
ambivalent	B gratuitous	© passionate	© trustworthy			
30. During our trip to Brazil	we went on a boat up th	e Amazon River.				
(A) immersion	(B) extension	© excursion	(D) incursion			
31. Bryan left the city, move	ed to the mountains, and now	he lives in a in the forest.				
(A) shanty	B garage	© ghetto	© suburb			
32. The constant dripping of	2. The constant dripping of water in the shower had become a, so Ellen called the plumber.					
A tsunami	B nuisance	© habit	faucet			
33. Jan saw a big crowd in t	he market, so she in to se	e what was so interesting.				
(A) escaped	(B) withdrew	© sidestepped	© ventured			
34. The old Bates Motel was	s torn down and replaced by a	a hotel with modern conve	niences.			
(A) contortioned	(B) contemporary	© contemplative	① controversial			
35. Analysts say a rise in go	old prices is, so many peo	ple are investing in it now.				
(A) imminent	® ominous	© amorous	(D) eminent			
II. Cloze: 36~45 (2% each, 2	20% in total)					
		ora without really raughing i	t-it's called "glamping". These resorts			
visitors to get up close wi camping. Africa is home to severa experience. Getting to them and there's also plenty of an	th nature for a week without all glamping resorts, with the dis an 39, but upon arrivanimals! In America, tourists h	at having to deal with some se camps located out in the bu l, guests find luxurious tents, have several glamping options	and forests. These destinations allow of the <u>38</u> that are associated with sh, providing visitors with a safari-like plush beds, and first-rate dinners. Oh, s. The most popular is Curry Village in			
36. A sublime	uated in the <u>40</u> Yosemite and walidated	Valley. © unique	© cautionary			
37. A controlled	(B) constrained	© contrived	© contracted			
38. (A) intricacies	B hardships	© downfalls	amenities			
39. A expansion	overture	© adventure	© invasion			
40. A stunning	B generous	© desolate	© abysmal			
Most people are terrifie improve your public speaki	d of speaking in front of an a	audience. But if you want to p n types of talks are the prepar	progress in your career, it <u>41</u> you to red speech, and the impromptu speech.			
			ody is 42 by the impromptu speech.			
			thes. Most people, in their careers, have work where we're 43 asked to give			
a brief talk on key topics.			can agilely discuss a topic in front of			
			er as you ascend in your organization.			
41. A sustains	® coerces	© implores	D behooves			
42. (A) intimidated	(B) irritated	© imitated	① invigorated			
43. (A) inconveniently	B unremarkably	© unexpectedly	inappropriately			

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 本試題第4頁;共4頁

 (如有缺頁或毀損,應立即請監試人員補發)

44. A impervious B imperative C impressive D impractical
45. A competently B tenuously C sporadically D voraciously

III. Reading Comprehension: 46~50 (2% each, 10% in total)

For over 100 years Haiti has been plagued with governmental corruption and mismanagement, making it one of the poorest nations on earth. When a powerful earthquake hit in 2010, many buildings collapsed due to poor construction, causing the deaths of 100,000 people. Ironically, a much stronger earthquake hit Chile later that year, but caused less damage due to Chile's higher building standards. After the earthquake in Haiti, many residents were relocated to emergency, overcrowded tent cities, which caused another catastrophe—the spread of cholera and tuberculosis.

GHESKIO, a medical mission founded in Haiti in 1982 to eradicate HIV/AIDS quickly switched its mission to fighting cholera and tuberculosis. The first step was providing chlorinated water to the residents, since most residents were getting cholera from the polluted water they were drinking. Next, the GHESKIO team surveyed the residents to identify those with tuberculosis, and then isolate these patients from their neighbors, since tuberculosis is an airborne disease spread by sneezing and coughing.

GHESKIO then set out to vaccinate all of the children against cholera, since they are the most vulnerable to the disease. GHESKIO also organized neighborhood groups to clear out waterways and trash lots to reduce mosquito counts and prevent malaria.

- 46. What was GHESKIO's original mission in Haiti?
 - A Preventing the transmission of tuberculosis.
- B Lower the incidence of malaria cases.
- © Vaccinating children against cholera.
- © Combatting the spread of HIV/AIDS.
- 47. According to the reading, why has Haiti suffered with poverty for more than a century?
 - A There has been a string of natural disasters.
- Natural resources have been squandered.
- © Unethical and incompetent leadership.
- D Haiti lacks technology and industry.
- 48. Why did medical volunteers want residents to clean up waterways?
 - A To prevent the spread of tuberculosis.
- B To minimize the possibility of malaria.
- © To provide a source of drinking water.
- ① To eradicate the cholera epidemic.
- 49. Why were there fewer fatalities and less damage after the earthquake in Chile?
 - A Chile had stricter construction regulations.
- B Chile did not have cholera and tuberculosis.
- © The earthquake in Chile was less severe.
- ① The government in Chile was better prepared.
- 50. How is cholera spread in crowded conditions?
 - A People cough and sneeze on each other.
- B Unsanitary needles spread the bacteria.
- © It is transmitted when mosquitoes bite people.
- ① The residents consume unsanitary water.