Photodegradation of methyl green using visible irradiation in ZnO suspensions

Determination of the reaction pathway and identification of intermediates by a high-performance liquid chromatography-photodiode array-electrospray ionization-mass spectrometry

麥富德

Mai FD; Chen CC; Chen JL; Liu SC

摘要.

Abstract

Heterogeneous photocatalytic treatment of a dye called methyl green (MG), which was simulating textile wastewater from associated auxiliary chemicals, was investigated using ZnO. A detailed investigation of the photodegradation of MG has been carried out in the ZnO suspension irradiated with visible light. The effects of various factors - viz. pH values, amount of catalyst, initial dye concentration, and the presence of NaCl, Na(2)CO(3), H(2)O(2), and Na(2)S(2)O(8) - on the degradation efficiency were studied. Thirty-two intermediates were separated, identified, and characterized by high-performance liquid chromatography-photodiode array-electrospray ionization-mass spectrometry (HPLC-ESI-DAD-MS) technology, giving us insight into the pathways of the degradation process.