I

私立臺北醫學院____學年度第____學期期中考試命題紙

系	級	科	目	授	課	教育	币	考	試	E	期	學	號	姓	名
								年	月	日第	節				
*	※①請注意本試題共張。如發現頁數不足及空白頁或缺印,應當場請求補齊,否則缺少部份概以零分計。 ②每張試題卷務必填寫(學號)、(姓名)。														

Although intermingled with other populations, the Gypsies are a distinct ethnic group that originated in northern central India. At first known as the Dom in India, they were a low caste and earned their living by singing and dancing. The Dom began migrating from India in the ninth century, first as minstrels in Persia and later to escape the havoc wrought by a series of Muslim invasions. As they migrate through the Middle East, the "D" of Dom was replaced by an "R." The Gypsies today refer to themselves as the Rom, meaning "Man." Their language, Romany, is a mixture of Sanskrit and words from various countries in which they have lived. All Gypsies speak Romany. Today there are an estimated 8 to 10 million Gypsies in more than 40 countries, an estimated 1 million of them in North America.

At the time of their first migrations into Europe in the 14th and 15th centuries, these landless wanderers, colloquially called Gypsies in England, earned their living as entertainers, magicians, blacksmiths, and horse dealers. They rejected agriculture and other settled occupations and pursued work that would avoid direct competition with surrounding populations. They were excluded from all craft and trade guilds, and the Roman Catholic church forbade association with Gypsy fortune tellers.

Gypsies have been succeeding in preserving their own identity by adhering to their own social and religious laws, which govern every aspect of their lives. Their Gypsy religion, Romania, is an oral tradition passed down through generations. The Gypsies are monotheistic and worship a patriarchal god they called Gel. They do not make graven images of Del, nor do they have a clergy or fixed place of worship. They follow strict purity laws and shun violence. They are not involved in wars except as victims. Intermarriage or any nonsuperficial dealing with non-Gypsies, or gaje, is traditionally forbidden.

1 The Gypsies are colloquially called "Gypsies" because the Englishmen thought the Gypsies came from

- (A) Turkey
- (B) Sudan
- (C) Algeria
- (D) Egypt
- 2 Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "intermingled" in line 1
 - (A) met
 - (B) meant
 - (C) mixed
 - (D) minced
- 3 How were Gypsies treated by the Muslim in earlier days in Persia?
 - (A) cruelly
 - (B) nicely

9

系	級	科		目	果教師	考	試	目	期	學	號	姓	名
			•						**		Ţ		
· ·	<u>(1)</u>												
*	2 £												

- (C) apathetically
- (D) warmheartedly
- 4 Where was the "D" of Dom replaced by an "R?"
 - (A) East Europe
 - (B) the Middle East
 - (C) West Africa
 - (D) Rome
- 5 Which of the following could best replace the word "horse dealer" in line 13?
 - (A) horse rider
 - (B) horse breeder
 - (C) horse lover
 - (D) horse trader
- 6 The Roman Catholic church forbade association with Gypsy
 - (A) music
 - (B) crystal gazing
 - (C) dancing
 - (D) art
- 7 When did the Gypsies first appear in Europe?
 - (A) in the 11th century
 - (B) in the 12th century
 - (C) in the 13 century
 - (D) in the 14 century
- 8 To which of the following does the word "they" in line 13 refer
 - (A) shoemakers
 - (B) magicians
 - (C) entertainers
 - (D) wanderers
- 9 The Gypsies do not have
 - (A) churches
 - (B) horses
 - (C) pets
 - (D) shoes
- 10 From this passage, it can be inferred that
 - (A) Gypsies are not good soldiers
 - (B) Gypsies are not good businessmen
 - (C) Gypsies are alcoholics
 - (D) Gypsies are doomed

系	級	科	目	授課	教師	考	試	目	期	學		貌	姓	名
	l	l	'								,			

*****(1 2

 \mathbf{I}

The Internet is an international web of interconnected government, education, and business computer networks—in essence, a network of networks. A person at a computer terminal or personal computer with proper software communicates across the Internet by placing data in an Internet Protocol (IP) packet—an electronic envelope—and addressing the packet to a particular destination on the Internet. Communications software on the intervening networks between the source and destination networks read the addresses on packets moving through the Internet and forward the packets toward their destinations in other countries.

The Internet owes its unusual design and architecture to its origins in the US Defense Department's ARPAnet project in 1969. Military planners sought to design a computer network that could withstand partial destruction, as from a nuclear attack, yet still function as a network. They reasoned that centralized control of the data flow through one or a few hub computers would leave the system too open to attack. Every computer on the network should be able to communicate, as a peer with every other computer on the network. Thus if part of the network were destroyed, the surviving parts would automatically reroute communications through different pathways. Because many factors, such as power outages, overtaxed telecommunications lines, equipment failure, can degrade a network's performance, the ARPAnet solution was also attractive to networkers outside the military.

Local area networks proliferated in the 1980s in universities and increasingly, in businesses and corporations. The majority of these networks used the same communications protocols as ARPAnet. The usefulness of internetwork communication and data-sharing became self-evident to the managers of these new wetworks, and many of them linked up to other neworks. (20%)

- 1 The Internet could best be described as
 - (A) a system of terminals
 - (B) a web of networks
 - (C) a web of control systems
 - (D) a web of retrieval system
- 2 The best title for this passage would be
 - (A) The genesis of the Internet
 - (B) The fluctuation of the Internet
 - (C) The unearthing of the Internet
 - (D) The spread of the Internet
- 3 According to the passage, a packet is
 - (A) a grouping of component
 - (B) a mobile network
 - (C) a mechanism for sending electronic mail on the Internet

系級	科	E	操	採	教師	*	玆	El	期	學	#ē	Jul-	4
			-		32 71				793		7/0	XE	
*① i							-24	•					

- (D) a mechanism for protecting a system
- 4 Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "hub" in line 13?
 - (A) central
 - (B) ancient
 - (C) whole
 - (D) hot
- 5 The Internet owes its unusual design and architecture to its origins in
 - (A) US Air Force
 - (B) US Army
 - (C) US Defense Department
 - (D) US Navy
- 6 If part of the Internet were destroyed, the surviving parts would automatically
 - (A) die down
 - (B) fail
 - (C) tickle pink
 - (D) reroute
- 7 According to the passage, which of the following factors would degrade a network's performance?
 - (A) portfolio
 - (B) location
 - (C) power outages
 - (D) failure
- 8 Local area networks DID not proliferate in the 1980s in
 - (A) universities
 - (B) businesses
 - (C) corporations
 - (D) churches
- 9 According to the passage, the birth of the Internet may be attributed to the fear of
 - (A) a conventional war
 - (B) a terrorist attack
 - (C) a nuclear attack
 - (D) a economic depression
- 10 From this passage, it can be inferred that
 - (A) war contributes to the development of technology
 - (B) economy contributes to the flourishing of science
 - (C) telecommunications lines are essential
 - (D) network managers are desperately needed

	私立臺北魯				年度第		_學」 	期 木	考試 (試	考試(試)題紙				
系級	科	E	授課教師	考		B	期	學	號	姓	名			
		I	Futurism,	a movem	ent in early-2	Oth-century	Italian pain	iting and						
※①請	請注意本試題共 <u>─</u> ₣張試題卷務必填寫(!		sculpture, was ini published in the I line extolled the dyna	French nev	wspaper Le Fi	igaro in Feb	ruary 1909.	Marinetti	缺少部份概	以零分計。	,			
		C	15) futurists resorted images consisting work. The celebra the shared charact distributed in jerk 20) equivalent for the abstraction, strivit	the followed a technical sought to the sought to the sought to the technical s	chievements of wing year a grical manifesto to represent the e the relations whicle, speedings, the movement hiniques of Free ecting planes in the two moves across the cescent. Like E esent the noise of 1912, Bot of sculpture, and that sculptu which he did a wing year a great section of the two moves across the cescent.	of the Italiar roup of your or that applie the sensations whip between a galong a state of machine to impart a sa Staircase of cements. The cements, Ducchamp, the ses of a conseccioni applies uggesting the most live to possible to propose the control of the con	a past over r ag painters I d Marinetti's s of moveme a a moving o reet, sets up es and huma a, which use sense of mo of Marcel D rough a seri truction site ed futurist of hat a work o corporate re- ut into prace	ecent innovations ed by Umberto s ideas to ent and used the object and its o vibrations that an figures, the ed fragmented tion to their uchamp reveals es of similar orms a concrete moved toward c. loctrine to the of art might be ady-made objects tice, were later						
	1 From	the j	passage, it may b	oe inferr	red that ea	rly futuri	sts were							
	(A)		terested in makir			•								
	(B)	co	nservatives											
	(C)	inf	fluenced by the a	idvances	s in techno	ology								
	(D)		fluenced by fasci											
	3 The	wor	d "manifesto" in	line 2 i	is closest i	n meanir	ig to							
	(A)	pro	onouncement											
	(B)	pro	onoun											
	(C)	pro	omise											
	(D)	pro	ofession											
	3 In line	: 7, tl	he word its refer:	s to										
	(A)	the	violence of spec	ed and v	war									
	(B)	cor	ventional artisti	c taste										
	(C)	the	Italian past											
	(D)	art												
	4 In crea	ntino	a niche for them	selvec i	in the art v	vorld for	miata							

- in the art wor
 - (A) endorse conventional artistic taste
 - (B) support conventional artistic taste
 - (C) hate conventional artistic taste
 - (D) depicted conventional artistic taste
- 5 Where does the author discuss the relationship between a moving object and its surroundings?
 - (A) lines 3-6
 - (B) lines 6-8
 - (C) lines 10-13
 - (D) lines 14-17

		***								- 州 不	(試))	
系 級	科	4	目	授課	教師	考	战	E	期	學	號	姓	名
	l		6 To which	ch of th	e follow	ing does	the word	"which"	in line 15	refer?			,
※①訓			(A)	machin	es								
② \$			(B)	movem	ent								
			(C)	techniq	ues								
			(D)	French	cubism					•			
			7 Accordi	ing to tl	ne passag	ge,							
		•	(A)	Marien	tti extoll	ed the vi	rtues of c	lassical a	ırt				
			(B)	Fururis	ts hate al	ostractio	n						
							epict mot						
						ing a Sta	ircase" de	epicted c	haracterist	tics of both hu	man and		
			machine r										
			8 Which o		ollowing	could be	est replace	the wor	d "site" in	line 21?			
				sire									
			` ′	seer									
			, ,	location									
				locomo									
			9 In line 2 (A) 1	o the w mind	ora "kin	etic" has	somethir	ig to do v	vith				
				osychol	o.au								
		~		virus	ugy								
				notion									
			10 The aut		es NOT d	liscuss							
							futurist ar	t form					
									nse of mo	tion			
									rist thinki				
							uturist art			···b			
		-				•							
		IA	Vocabulary	15% (黄信娟)								
		i,	Fill in the b	lank wit	h the NUI	MBER in	front of yo	ur chosen	word (onl	y ONE best answ	ver		
			per question	n)									
			1. garner			6. masq	uero do						
			2. antics			7. flip	uciade						
			3. fishy			8. sag							
			4 bust 5. deter			9. papar	azzi						
			J. Helef			10. libel							
			1				for having						
			2.		lwo of my	/ America	n friends n	najoring ir	Asian Stu	dies will be			
			3.	· ·	iressea up	IIKE EWO	characters	in a Chine	ese novel at	the			
			-	i	ntrusive n	nanner, of	celebrities	o take car	idid shots, o papers or m	often in an			
			4	I	le used to	smash hi	s tennis rad	ket on the	tennis cou	rt, but the crowd	1		
			£	g	rew tired	of his							
			5		To be fair Inglish! :)	, I usually	' <u></u>	a coin to d	lecide who	to flunk (當掉) i	in		
				·	argusiii :)	.)							
													-
				(第	(AZ	6) 頁	ī			
					-1-	, ,	_	-	1 5	3			1

系	級	科		目	授課教師	考、	试	目	期	學	號	姓	名
					lowing questions	- 				·		 	
W C	₹	V		Winnie Chan	ng or the same le	cture.	15%	as vive	I'at	CHOICE, J.	taugut vj		
※ ①	<u>Į</u>			1 What was to	alan off the forh	iddan lje	. 7	it man ne	e blak ja	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 44 - 1.4A		
	2			A. Cream		idacii iist	i Decause	it was no	et nign iii	saturated iai	? (1 point)		 -
				B. Dark M									
				C. Eggs D. Red Me	faat								
					is for the bo	ody than !	butter? (1	point)					
				A. Better		•		r ,					
				B. Worse C. Just as I									
				3. Cholesterol		plaques	on the in	ner walls	of arterio	es. (1 point)			
				A. Blush		• -			-				
				B. Staple C. By-prod			•						
				D. Clots									
				4. Mediterranea calories from fa	ean men have a	rate o	of heart die	sease bec	cause they	y get more the	an 30% of their	,	
				A. Very lov						4			
				B. Low									
				C. Very Hi D. High	ligh								
				5. (True or Fals	lse) A fat free die	et is good	l for our b	oodies? (1	1 point)				
				A. True	•			-	F=- ,				
				B. False 6. (True or Fals	lse) The human b	odv prod	duces its (own chole	actarni? (1 maint)			
				A. True		0, _F		/ VV 11	Meron,	1 pom.,			
				B. False 7. What are high	gh in saturated fa	~49 /1 nni	:+\						
				A. Beans		It (1 per	nı)						
				B. Grains C. Cheeses									
				D. A&B	S								
				E. B & C	٠								
				F. All of th 8. Cholesterol is	the Above is a fatty substand	as found	1:m 9/	(O -sinte)	•				
			ſ	A. Beef		ce ioung	ın (/	2 poms,	T.				
			•	B. Chicken	n								
				C. Fish D. A&B									
				E. B & C									
				F. All of th									
				9. Which of the	e following actual	lly seems	s to keep :	arteries c	lean? (2	points)			
				B. Triglycer	erides	I			•	,			
				C. Low-den	nsity lipoprotein								
				D. A&B E. B&C									
				F. All of the	ie Above								
			•	10. "Please pass	s me a stick of	" (2 pc	oints)						
				A. Jelly B. Butter									
				C. Cream									
				D. Egg	·		- •						
			_	A. Neck	is often worn by	women a	round the	zir? (2 points))			
				B. Wrist									
				C. Head D. Waist									
					—————— 第		入	- 17	<u> </u>				
					夘	1	A 之	- 7	ノ !	頁			

系 級 科	目	授課教師	- 考	試	1	期	· 期 禾 - ^學	(試)) 姓	
		1 12 17 18 11	1		-	"'		<i>3</i> / ₀		
*①! ②;	117									
	VI	•							*	
	選擇 1 Which o	f tha fallandur :	- NOT d				_			
	(A) imbe	f the following in the rotary ing the steel	bits	(B) etc	striat dia ching the lishing		š?			
	2. Your reca	kless action will	lead to a	ın inevitable c	onseque	nce.				
		ntence, the word					·:			
	(A) merc	eiless (B) c	areless	(C) well-	olanned		(D) faultless	;		
	3 Where ar	e the two places	that wa		1.0					
		e the two places of hardened vo								
		erlite and placer		ow and killide	ine					
		r and alluvial								
	· · ·	ial and earth's cr	ust							
	4. We relega	ated the old furn	iture to t	he attic						
		ntence, the word			be repla	aced by	ΰ·			
	(A) consi		scarded	(C) dispos			graded			
	5. To face th	ne fierce compet	ition, we	are trying to o	liversify	our pr	oducts			
		ntence, it means								
	(A) durab			(C) diverted) assoi	rted			
	7668									
	改錯 I Diamondo	e da dha haadaa	• .			_				
		s, is the hardest s								
	2. The extrem	s purified and cr me hardness of c	ystattize liamonds	u at extreme n s make them ic	ign temp leally su	peratur	e and pressu	re.		
	3. As the lay	ers were pushed	ever de	ener and the n	ressure :	and ter	nneratures e	ISES.		
	upon them	increased, a pro	ocess of	transform beg	an.	and to	iiperatures e.	xeried		
							上!題夫	: 連維志		
							11 /23 -E	- Azmeros		