台灣未來十年護理研究重點方向與研究方法取向的探討

Future Nursing Research Priorities in Taiwan

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摘要

本研究旨在探討台灣護理實務界高階主管與學術界助理教授以上教師,對台灣未來護理研究重點方向與研究方法取向的看法。採橫斷式研究,研究工具爲自訂的護理研究重點方向、護理研究方法取向及個人基本資料。共發出 508 份問卷,回收 376 份,回收率爲 74%。研究結果發現:未來十年台灣的護理研究重點方向,依序爲護理實務、護理行政和長期照護;研究方法取向依序爲實驗性研究法、縱貫性研究法和調查法;研究對象之學歷、職務和研究補助會影響其對護理研究重點和研究方法取向。透過以上資訊提出研究重點建議,提供國家研究補助重點參考。

Abstract

The aims of this study was to explore the priorities of nursing research topics and methods over the next decade in Taiwan among clinical nursing executives and nursing professors, association professors and assistant professors. A cross-sectional design using the Nursing Research Priorities Questionnaire and the Demographic Questionnaire was undertaken in this study. There were 508 persons invited and 376 participated at a 74% response rate. Major finding of this study were as follows: 1. Future priorities over the next decade in nursing research topics are nursing practice, nursing administration, and long-term care; 2. major nursing research methods are experimental research, longitudinal research and survey; and 3. demographic factors including educational background and work-related duties affecting researchers' view of topics and methods. Accordingly, the results of this study provide important implications for government funding policies.